

District Cooling System (DCS)

@ THE Forestias

KAMOL TANPIPAT CEO

EECDT GREEN POWER CO.,LTD.



18 MAY 2021

Presentation Topics

- 1. Introduction to THE Forestias Project
- 2. Central Utility Plant (CUP) at THE Forestias
- 3. District Cooling System (DCS) at THE Forestias
- 4. Energy Savings Calculation and GHG Emission Reduction







The First **DCS** Project of **EECDT**











2. Central Utility Plant (CUP) at THE Forestias



CUP LOCATION









District Cooling Plant (till 2024) 10,000 RT and room for 10,000 RT

TES
26 000PT h Chilled Water Stored

MES and BOP

Smart Control Center

- Control Room 24/7 monitor
- Situation room for use in natural or manmade disaster

Smart Control contractor's scope

Fire Protection System
830 m3, 2x1,500GPM (1 Flectric, 1 Diese

Water and Waste Water System

Retail contractor's scope

Utility Tunnel for Piping Network

IFF contractor's scope



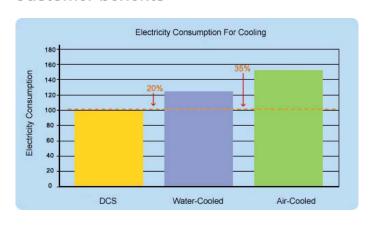
3. District Cooling System (DCS) at THE Forestias



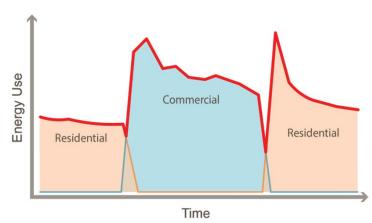
WHY

Why use DCS?

Customer benefits

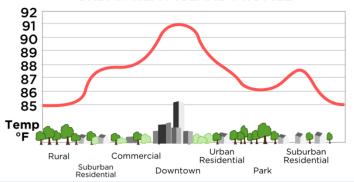


Infrastructure benefits



Environmental benefits

URBAN HEAT ISLAND PROFILE





Benefits of District Cooling System, DCS







No noise & heat rejection from CDU



Low service & maintenance requirement



Lower energy and maintenance expenses



Having cooling supply when power outage



Un-interruption to cooling supply



Use water as refrigerant, no ozone depletion or global warming issue



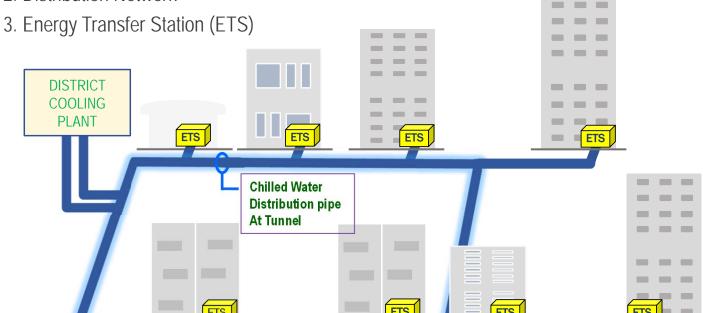




WHAT What is DCS?

DCS Components

- 1. Centralized Energy Plant
- 2. Distribution Network



PT



Distribution Network of DCS



Distribution Network

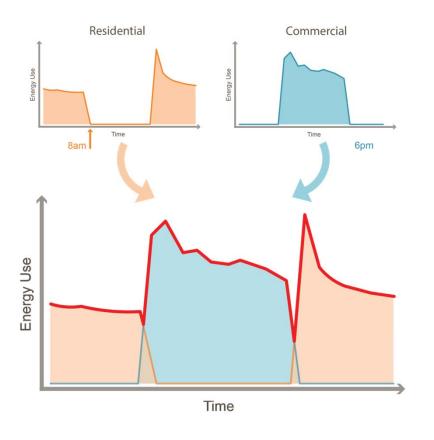
Chilled Water will be distributed to each allotment through Distribution Network in Utilities Tunnel



4. Energy Savings Calculation and GHG Emission Reduction



Energy Savings and GHG Emission Reduction using DCS @ THE Forestias



1. Reduce INSTALLED CAPACITY

Installed capacity using Conventional Air Conditioning System approx.
 32,323 RT

- Installed capacity using DCS approx.

x. 20,000

RT

2. Reduce ENERGY CONSUMPTION + GHG Emission Reduction

- System performance of Conventional Air Conditioning System

1.16 - 1.46 kW/RT

- System performance of DCS

less than 0.75 kW/RT

2. Reduce REFRIGERANTS + GHG Emission Reduction

- Amount of GHG from refrigerants in Conventional AC System (R410A 20,428 kg and R134a 21,120 kg) approx.

 $= 66,749 \text{ tCO}_{2e}$

- Amount of GHG from refrigerants in DCS (R134a 22,000 kg) approx.

= 28,600 tCO_{2e}

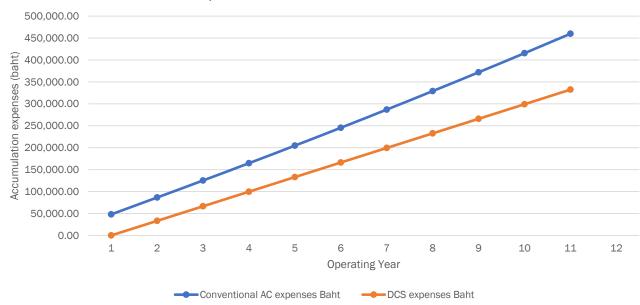


Expenses comparison for Residential

SUMMARY RESULTS

	Conventional AC System	District Cooling System, DCS	Savings	% savings
	Baht	Baht	Baht	%
Average energy cost/month	3,015.74	2,770.33	245.41	-8%
Average energy cost / year	36,188.92	33,244.01	2,944.91	
Average expenses / year	41,188.92	33,244.01	7,944.91	-19%

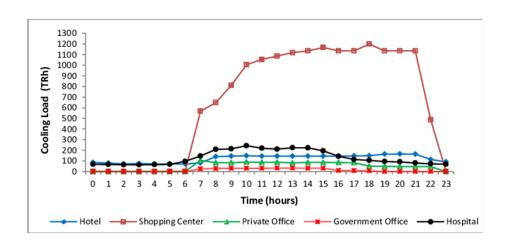
Cost Comparison between Conventional AC and DCS



Conclusion DISTRICT COOLING SYSTEM

- Energy Efficiency
- Spatial Requirement
- Operating Cost
- > Reliability
- > Flexibility
- Maintainability
- Sustainability

- Load sharing
- High performance
- Peak demand management
- Central Utility Plant





Thank You

